

5 (ii) Find the sum of n terms.

w.D  $\cos \theta + \cos 2\theta + \cos 2^2\theta + \dots + \cos 2^{n-1}\theta$

$$t_1 = \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1 \cos \theta - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cos^2 \theta / 2 - \cos \theta}{2 \sin \theta / 2 \cdot \cos \theta / 2} = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\therefore \cos \theta = \cot \frac{\theta}{2} - \cot \theta$$

$$\therefore \cos 1\theta = \cot \frac{1}{2}\theta - \cot \theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cot \frac{1}{2} \times 2\theta - \cot 2\theta$$

$$\cos 2^2\theta = \cot \frac{1}{2} \times 2^2\theta - \cot 2^2\theta$$

$$\cos 2^3\theta = \cot \frac{1}{2} \times 2^3\theta - \cot 2^3\theta$$

$$\cos 2^{n-1}\theta = \cot \frac{1}{2} \times 2^{n-1}\theta - \cot 2^{n-1}\theta$$

Adding  $\cos \theta + \cos 2\theta + \dots + \cos 2^{n-1}\theta = \cot \frac{\theta}{2} - \cot 2^{n-1}\theta$

$$\cos C + \cos D = 2 \cos \frac{C+D}{2} \cos \frac{C-D}{2}$$

$$\sin A = 2 \sin \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2}, \quad \sin A = 2 \sin \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{A}{2}$$

$\frac{1}{\cos \phi + \cos 3\phi} + \frac{1}{\cos \phi + \cos 5\phi} + \frac{1}{\cos \phi + \cos 7\phi} + \dots + \frac{1}{\cos \phi + \cos (2r+1)\phi}$

$$T_r = \frac{1}{\cos \phi + \cos (2r+1)\phi} \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} 3, 5, 7, \dots, 2r+1 \\ = 3 + (r-1) \cdot 2 \\ = 3 + 2r - 2 = (2r+1) \end{array} \right)$$

$$\therefore T_r = \frac{1}{2 \cos \frac{(2r+1)\phi + \phi}{2} \cos \frac{(2r+1)\phi - \phi}{2}} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \cos C \cos D = \\ 2 \cos \frac{C+D}{2} \cos \frac{C-D}{2} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \cos \frac{(2r+2)\phi}{2} \cos \frac{2r\phi}{2}}$$

$$T_r = \frac{1}{2 \cos (r+1)\phi \cdot \cos r\phi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \times \frac{\sin 2\phi}{\cos (r+1)\phi \cdot \cos r\phi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \times \frac{\sin \{ (r+1)\phi - r\phi \}}{\cos \{ (r+1)\phi \} \cdot \cos r\phi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \times \frac{\sin (r+1)\phi \cos r\phi - \cos (r+1)\phi \sin r\phi}{\cos (r+1)\phi \cdot \cos r\phi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \frac{\sin (r+1)\phi \cos r\phi - \cos (r+1)\phi \sin r\phi}{\cos (r+1)\phi \cdot \cos r\phi} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \tan (r+1)\phi - \tan r\phi \right]$$

$$\therefore T_r = \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \tan (r+1)\phi - \tan r\phi \right]$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \tan 2\phi - \tan \phi \right]$$

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \tan 3\phi - \tan 2\phi \right]$$

$$T_3 = \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \tan 4\phi - \tan 3\phi \right]$$

$$\vdots$$

$$T_n = \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\phi} \left[ \tan (n+1)\phi - \tan n\phi \right]$$

$$\therefore S = \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin \phi} [\tan(n+1)\phi - \tan \phi]$$

(3)

### EXERCISE-7

$$(1) \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{3} + \tan^{-1} \frac{2}{9} + \tan^{-1} \frac{4}{33} + \dots + \tan^{-1} \frac{2^{n-1}}{1+2^{2n-1}}$$

$$t_n = \tan^{-1} \frac{2^{n-1}}{1+2^{2n-1}} = \tan^{-1} \frac{2^{n-1}}{1+2^n \cdot 2^{n-1}} \quad (1)$$

$$t_n = \tan^{-1} \frac{2^{n-1}(2-1)}{1+2^n \cdot 2^{n-1}} = \tan^{-1} \frac{2-2^{n-1}-2^{n-1}}{1+2^n \cdot 2^{n-1}}$$

$$= \tan^{-1} \frac{2^n - 2^{n-1}}{1+2^n \cdot 2^{n-1}}$$

$$t_n = \tan^{-1} 2^n - \tan^{-1} 2^{n-1}$$

$$t_1 = \tan^{-1} 2 - \tan^{-1} 2^0$$

$$t_2 = \tan^{-1} 2^2 - \tan^{-1} 2^1$$

$$t_3 = \tan^{-1} 2^3 - \tan^{-1} 2^2$$

$$\vdots$$

$$t_{n-1} = \tan^{-1} 2^{n-1} - \tan^{-1} 2^{n-2}$$

$$t_n = \tan^{-1} 2^n - \tan^{-1} 2^{n-1}$$

$$\text{Adding } S = \tan^{-1} 2^n - \tan^{-1} 1 = \tan^{-1} 2^n - \pi$$